

# SR 509, Federal Way to SeaTac, Corridor Completion I-5/South Airport Access

**10 Year-Project  
in Full**



## Description:

- Completes SR 509 as a six lane freeway, with HOV lanes, between I-5 and S 188<sup>th</sup> St. in SeaTac
- Adds new lanes on I-5 from S 320<sup>th</sup> in Federal Way to 200<sup>th</sup> and improves interchanges
- Completes the South Access Expressway to Sea-Tac International Airport

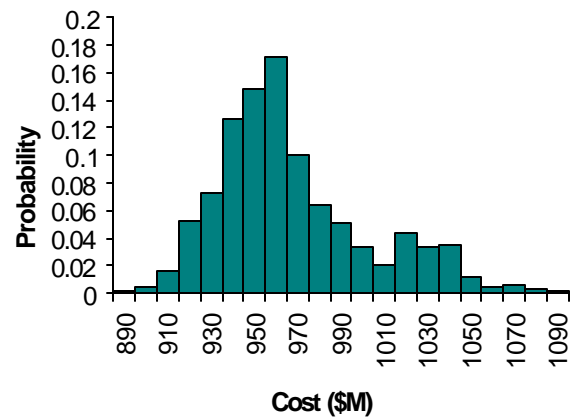
## Schedule:

Begin Construction  
Range: 2005 - 2007

End Construction  
Range: 2011 - 2013

Inflation escalation is to 2009, approximate midpoint of construction

## CEVP Result:



## Project Cost Range

**There is a 10% chance the cost is less than \$ 920 Million**

**There is a 50% chance the cost is less than \$ 950 Million**

**There is a 90% chance the cost is less than \$ 1.02 Billion**

## Benefits this project would provide:

- Completes SR 509 and connects it to I-5; provides a direct connection between Seattle and South King County, and completes an alternative north-south corridor to I-5
- Improves freight mobility within the State's most traveled freight corridor, critical to the State's economic growth
- Provides direct southern access to Sea-Tac, the hub airport for the Pacific Northwest
- Reduces congestion by diverting over 1,200 vehicles during the peak hour and 5,000 trucks per day from the I-5 Southcenter Hill
- Provides substantial peak-hour travel time savings between Seattle and Tacoma by adding over 5 miles of improvements to I-5 between S. 200<sup>th</sup> St. and S. 320<sup>th</sup> St., and opens up access to existing SR 509 north to the First Ave. South bridge
- Improves habitat and water quality in affected drainage basins

## Risk issues that could impact project cost or schedule:

- Changes to national seismic design criteria increase structure costs.
- Limited number of contractors are qualified and available to pursue a project this large, increasing contract costs and project delays.
- Delays in right-of-way purchase results in later construction start and project cost increase.
- Additional costs could occur due to needed improvements at the I-5/S 272<sup>nd</sup> St. interchange.

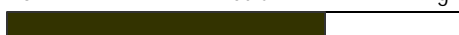
Level of

Project Design:

Low

Medium

High



June 3, 2002



Washington State  
Department of Transportation



# **10 Year Projects – Funding in Part**

# SR 509, Federal Way to SeaTac, Corridor Completion Option A – Partial SR 509 Connection with I-5 Interchange and South Access

10 Year-Project  
in Part



## Description:

- Constructs half of SR 509 (one lane each direction) from S 188<sup>th</sup> Street to the South Access Expressway
- Connects SR 509 and I-5 with the proposed new South Access Expressway to the airport
- Provides tunnel connections to I-5, and constructs collector-distributor lanes on I-5 to the SR 516 interchange
- Completes engineering and purchases all right-of-way for the corridor

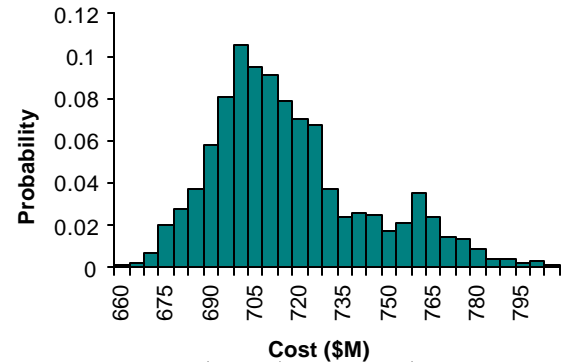
## Schedule:

Begin Construction  
Range: 2005 - 2007

End Construction  
Range: 2011 - 2012

Inflation escalation is to 2008, approximate midpoint of construction

## CEVP Result:



## Project Cost Range

There is a 10% chance the cost is less than \$ 690 Million

There is a 50% chance the cost is less than \$ 710 Million

There is a 90% chance the cost is less than \$ 760 Million

## Benefits this project would provide:

- Purchases all the right-of-way for the corridor
- Provides for construction of a two lane SR 509 connection from S 188<sup>th</sup> St. to the South Access Expressway, allowing the connection with I-5
- Improves freight mobility by allowing a new alternate route on SR 509, avoiding the Southcenter Hill
- Constructs the South Access Expressway (by the Port of Seattle) from SR 509 to the airport drive system, providing direct southern access
- Improves habitat and water quality in affected drainage basins by constructing environmental mitigation features

## Risk issues that could impact project cost or schedule:

- Changes to national seismic design criteria increase structure costs.
- A limited number of contractors are qualified and available to pursue a project this large, increasing contract costs and project delays.
- Delays in right-of-way purchase result in later construction start and project cost increase.

## Level of Project Design:



June 3, 2002



# SR 509, Federal Way to SeaTac, Corridor Completion Option B – S 188<sup>th</sup> to SR 99

10 Year-Project  
in Part



## Description:

- Constructs extension of SR 509 from S 188<sup>th</sup> St. on new alignment to interim intersection with SR 99/International Boulevard
- Completes engineering and purchases all needed right-of-way for complete corridor

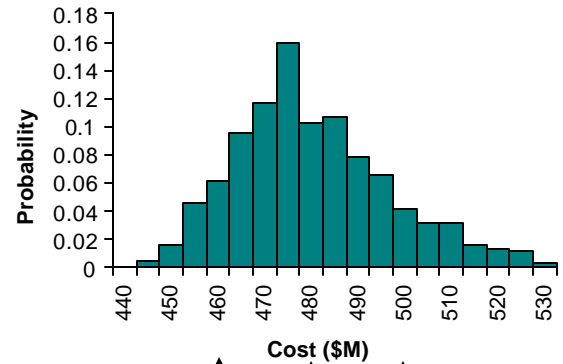
## Schedule:

Begin Construction  
Range: 2004 - 2006

End Construction  
Range: 2011 - 2012

Inflation escalation is to 2008, approximate midpoint of construction

## CEVP Result:



## Project Cost Range

There is a 10% chance the cost is less than \$ 460 Million

There is a 50% chance the cost is less than \$ 480 Million

There is a 90% chance the cost is less than \$ 500 Million

## Benefits this project would provide:

- Purchases all the right-of-way for the corridor
- Provides for construction of a four lane SR 509 connection from S 188<sup>th</sup> St. to an interim intersection with SR 99, a primary state highway
- Provides improvements that can be connected to in follow-on construction when funded
- Improves habitat and water quality in affected drainage basins by constructing environmental mitigation features

## Risk issues that could impact project cost or schedule:

- Changes to national seismic design criteria increase structure costs.
- A limited number of contractors are qualified and available to pursue a project this large, increasing contract costs and project delays.
- Delays in right-of-way purchase results in later construction start and project cost increases.

Level of  
Project Design:

Low

Medium

High



June 3, 2002



Washington State  
Department of Transportation